





## Course Specification

— (Bachelor)

**Course Title: Chromatographic Analysis** 

Course Code: 313CHEM-3

**Program: Bachelor of Science in Chemistry** 

**Department: Physical Sciences** 

**College: College of Science** 

Institution: Jazan University (JU)

Version: **TP 153-2024** 

**Last Revision Date**: 5/5/2024

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#### A. General information about the course:

#### 1. Course Identification

1	1. Credit hours: (3 Credit Hours)							
2	. Course type							
Α	. 🔲 University	□College	□ Depart	ment	□Track		□Others	
В	. 🛮 🖾 Required			□Electiv	ve			
3. Level/year at which this course is offered: (Level 7 / Year 4)								
4	4. Course general Description:							
			1			ı		Ī
	Course Title	Course Number	Contact Hours (CH)	Credit unit	Year	Level	Pre- requisite	

Prac.

2

(CU)

4th

7th

**212CHEM3** 

3

Course Objectives; They are to identify the following:

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- [1] Develop basic understanding of chromatography principles and theories.
- [2] Describe the setup and instrumentation of the main chromatographic techniques.
- [3] Recognize the advantages and limitations of the main chromatographic techniques.

Lec.

- [4] Calculate chromatographic factors and constants.
- [5] Interpret chromatographic data and results.
- [6] Develop basic experimental skills of chromatographic analysis.

#### Syllabus: A-Theoretical content

Chromatographic

**Analysis** 

Definitions of chromatographic analysis terms and parameters, classifications of chromatographic techniques, advantages and disadvantages of the different techniques, main theories of chromatography, calculating and interpreting chromatographic factors and parameters, setup and instrumentation of main chromatographic techniques (PC, TLC, GC and HPLC), applications of chromatographic analysis.

Syllabus: B-Practical content

Practical experiments using different chromatographic separation techniques.

#### **5. Pre-requirements for this course** (if any):

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#### 6. Co-requisites for this course (if any):

None

#### 7. Course Main Objective(s):

This course aims to give the student an introduction to the principles and theories of chromatography as a tool of separation for quantitative and qualitative analyses. The course will also cover the setup and instrumentation of the main chromatographic techniques and their applications.





## 2. Teaching mode (mark all that apply)

No	Mode of Instruction	Contact Hours	Percentage
1	Traditional classroom	60	100
2	E-learning		
	Hybrid		
3	<ul> <li>Traditional classroom</li> </ul>		
	<ul><li>E-learning</li></ul>		
4	Distance learning		

## 3. Contact Hours (based on the academic semester)

No	Activity	Contact Hours
1.	Lectures	30
2.	Laboratory/Studio	30
3.	Field	
4.	Tutorial	
5.	Others (specify)	
Total		60

# B. Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs), Teaching Strategies and Assessment Methods

Code	Course Learning Outcomes	Code of CLOs aligned with program	Teaching Strategies	Assessment Methods
1.0	Knowledge and understanding; (Up able to)	on compl	etion of the course, s	student will be
1.1	Demonstrate a broad understanding and critical view of the principal theories, concepts and terminology of chromatographic analysis and its applications (M)	K(1.1)	lecture / discussion /Seminars /presentation	oral and written examinations/ laboratory reports
1.2	Describe the main techniques and instrumentations used in chromatographic analysis and their advantages and limitations and applications (M)	K(1.2)	lecture / discussion /Seminars /Individual presentation	oral and written examinations/ laboratory reports
2.0	Skills; (Upon completion of the cour	se, stude	nt will be able to)	



Code	Course Learning Outcomes	Code of CLOs aligned with program	Teaching Strategies	Assessment Methods		
2.1	Demonstrate an ability in critical thinking, numeracy, statistical, analytical reasoning, use of graphs and charts to solve problems in chromatographic analysis.  (M)	S(2.1)	lecture / discussion /Seminars /Individual presentation	oral and written examinations/ laboratory reports		
2.2	Perform experiments using various chromatographic techniques; record, analyze and interpret the chromatographic data, and write reports (M)	S(2.2)	Lab work, group work	Lab report/ Lab notebook.		
2.3	Apply the proper procedures and regulations for safe handling, use and disposal of chemicals.  ( M )	S(2.3)	Lab demonstrations / hands-on student learning activities	Observation of practical skills / Safety exam / Practical assignments and laboratory reports		
3.0	Values, autonomy, and responsibility; (Upon completion of the course, student will be able to)					
3.1	Working as a group leader in cooperation with other colleagues. (M)	V(3.1)	lab demonstrations / whole group and small group discussions	group project reports / Practical assignments and laboratory reports		

## **C. Course Content**

No	List of Topics	Contact Hours
1.	Course introduction and organization	1
2.	Introduction to separation	2
3.	Introduction to chromatography	2
4.	Basic chromatographic theories, terms and equations	5
5.	Paper chromatography (PC)	1
6.	Thin-layer chromatography (TLC)	1
7.	High Performance Liquid chromatography (HPLC)	7
8.	Gas chromatography (GC)	6
9	Analysis of real samples	2
10	Other separation techniques	1
11	Exam, quizzes and discussions	2



12	Practical experiments techniques.	on	different	chromatographic	separation	30
			Total			60

#### **D. Students Assessment Activities**

No	A	ssessment Activities *	Assessment timing (in week no)	Percentage of Total Assessment Score
1	Homework a	ssignment	2-13	1.25
2	<b>Lecture Quiz</b>		2-13	1.25
3	Homework a	ssignment	2-13	1.25
4	Lecture Quiz		2-13	1.25
5	Mid-term ex	am	9-11	15
6		Practical Sheet	15	5
7		Lab Report	2-13	9
8	LAB	Final Lab Exam	15	10
9		Safety Exam	14	3
10	Group evaluation rubric		2-13	3
11	Final Exam		16-17	50 %
Total				100 %

<sup>\*</sup>Assessment Activities (i.e., Written test, oral test, oral presentation, group project, essay, etc.).

## **E. Learning Resources and Facilities**

## 1. References and Learning Resources

Essential References	1- العثمان، زيد بن عبدالله و محمود، كريم يوسف حسن. الكروماتوجرافيا: الأسس، تحضير العينات، والطرق المرتبطة. دار جامعة الملك سعود للنشر، الطبعة الأولى، 2021. 2-Skoog, Douglas, Donald West, F. L. Holler, and Stanley Crouch. Fundamentals of analytical chemistry. Cengage Learning, 9th Edition 2014.
Supportive References	<ul> <li>سلامة، أحمد خميس محمد. التحليل الكروماتوجرافي (اساسيات وطرق التحليل). جامعة المجمعة، الطبعة الأولى، 2015.</li> <li>التحليل). جامعة المجمعة، الطبعة الأولى، 2011.</li> <li>Ahuja, Satinder. Chromatography and separation science. Vol. 4. Academic Press, 2003.</li> <li>Miller, James M. Chromatography: concepts and contrasts. John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2nd Edition, 2005.</li> <li>Braithwaite, Alan, and J. F. Smith. Chromatographic methods. Springer, 5th Edition, Reprint 1999.</li> </ul>
Electronic Materials	<ul> <li>http://www.chromacademy.com/</li> <li>www.chromforum.org/</li> <li>http://www.lcresources.com/</li> <li>http://www.sepscience.com</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>http://chemwiki.ucdavis.edu/Analytical Chemistry/Instrumen tal_Analysis/Chromatography/</li> <li>https://chem.libretexts.org/Special:Search?qid=&amp;fpid=230&amp;fp</li> </ul>
	th=&query=chromatography&type=wiki
Other Learning Materials	<u>None</u>

## 2. Required Facilities and equipment

Items	Resources
facilities (Classrooms, laboratories, exhibition rooms, simulation rooms, etc.)	<ul> <li>Lecture Hall for 30 students equipped with modern teaching technology (projector, smart board, computer and internet)</li> <li>Laboratory in accordance with the rules of safety and personal protection accessories should be available to all students</li> </ul>
Technology equipment (projector, smart board, software)	- Laptop computer, smart board and internet access in the classroom and laboratory
Other equipment (depending on the nature of the specialty)	- Chemicals and standards used in lab experiments - Related analytical equipment and instruments such as GC, HPLC, UV lamp for TLC, separation columns and accessories, pH meter, analytical balance,etc

## F. Assessment of Course Quality

Assessment Areas/Issues	Assessor	Assessment Methods		
Effectiveness of teaching	Student	Likert-type Survey (CES) Indirect		
Effectiveness of Students assessment	Student	Likert-type Survey (CES) <a href="Indirect">Indirect</a>		
Quality of learning resources	Program coordinator	<u>Indirect</u>		
The extent to which CLOs have been achieved	Instructor & Course coordinator	Classroom evaluation (direct & indirect)		
Other				

Assessors (Students, Faculty, Program Leaders, Peer Reviewer, Others (specify)
Assessment Methods (Direct, Indirect)

#### **G. Specification Approval**

COUNCIL /COMMITTEE	Physical Sciences Department Council					
REFERENCE NO.	Psci2415					
DATE	28/03/1446 Corresponding to 1 / 10 /2024					





## H. Attachments

## 1- Practical Work

Experiment	Chemicals, Glassware and Equipment	Remarks
Lab. Experiments' organization and manual design	Data Show.	Week 1
Safety demonstration and laboratory equipment tour	Safety and lab. Equipment in the analytical chemistry labs.	Week 2
Separating food colors using paper chromatography	Goggles; gloves and fume hoods. Chromatography paper; Capillary tube to spot samples; Beaker tall-form 500-mL; Watch glass large (to fit beaker); Scissors; Pencil; Ruler. Commercial food colors; Sodium chloride solution, NaCl, 0.1%.	Week 3
Separating Amino Acids by Thin Layer Chromatography	Goggles; gloves and fume hoods. Thin Layer Chromatography Sheet: (20 x 20 cm) covered with 0.20 mm layer of silica gel 60 (MACHEREY-NAGEL ALUGRAM® Xtra SIL G or similar); Capillary tube to spot samples; Beaker, 1000-mL (Developing Chamber); Watch glass, large (to fit beaker); Spraying bottle for the detecting reagent; Scissors to cut the TLC sheet; Pencil; Ruler. Amino Acids STANDARD solutions of: Lysine, β-Alanine, Tryptophan. Developing solvent (Mobile Phase): a mixture of Acetonitrile: water (70:30 vol/vol). Detecting reagent: Ninhydrin solution - 0.3% (w/vol) Ninhydrin in n-butyl alcohol containing 3% glacial acetic acid. Drying oven or hair dryer for hot air.	Week 4
Separation and Identification of Pain- Killing Drugs by Thin Layer Chromatography	Goggles; gloves; face masks and fume hoods. Thin Layer Chromatography Sheet: (20 x 20 cm) covered with 0.20 mm layer of silica gel 60 (MACHEREY-NAGEL ALUGRAM® Xtra SIL G or similar); Capillary tube to spot samples; Beaker, 1000-mL (Developing Chamber); Watch glass, large (to fit beaker); Scissors to cut the TLC sheet; Pencil; Ruler. STANDARD solutions for Active ingredients: Caffeine (6.5 mg/mL); Paracetamol (50 mg/mL); Acetylsalicylic acid (30 mg/mL); Painkiller tablets; Developing solvent (Mobile Phase): a mixture of Ethyl acetate / Hexane / Acetic acid (60:39:1). UV light box with lamp at short wavelength.	Week 5
Separation of dyes by Column Chromatography	Goggles; gloves; face masks and fume hoods. Chromatography column (400 x 22 mm); Beakers (2), 100-mL; Plastic droppers or Pasteur pipettes; Measuring cylinder, 50-mL; Funnel with wide stem; Pencil (for tapping); Long glass rod to position the cotton wool plug.	Week 6-7



	Dyes Mixture: Mixture of Methyl Orange and Methylene Blue solutions (1:1). Single-compound solutions are prepared in 95% ethanol; Mobile Phase (Elution solvents): FIRST elution solvent: 95% (v/v) Ethanol/Water. SECOND elution solvent: Acetonitrile-Water-Acetic Acid (80:15:5 v/v).	
Determination of Caffeine and Benzoic Acid in Soft Drinks by HPLC with UV detector	Goggles; gloves; and fume hoods.  HPLC with UV Detector; Ultrasonic bath.  Volumetric flasks (2x10 mL); Reagent bottles (1x60 mL); Glass pipette (1x1 mL); Beakers (1x50 mL, 2x25 mL);  Syringe Filter (0.2 μm); Plastic syringe (1x2 mL); HPLC glass vial (1x1.5mL).  Soft drink sample; Phosphate buffer solution at pH=3 (50 mL); HPLC mobile phase components (Methanol and Phosphate buffer).	Week 8-10
Qualitative Separation of Alcohols by Gas Chromatography	Goggles; gloves; and fume hoods. GC with Thermal Conductivity Detector (TCD). Small Vials for the solvents; 10 uL micro syringe. Single-Standard of Alcohols (Methanol, Ethanol, 2- Propanol and 1-Butanol); Mixture of all the four alcohols to examine the separation conditions; Unknown mixture of the above alcohols.	Week 11-12
Field trip to a chromatography lab	A bus accommodating the total number of students in addition to 3 instructors.	Week 13
Experiments review and discussions.	Data show and glassware for demonstration.	Week 14
Practical and sheet exams	Depends on the experiments assigned for the exam.	Week 15



#### 2- Blue Print

Course Name	Chromatographic Analysis				
Course Code	313 CHEM-3				

PLOs	I	K1	K2	S1	S2	S3	3 S4		V1	V2	
CLOs	1	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3		3.1		
Marks		18	22	30	24	3			3		
Learning Domain		PLOs	CLOs	Type Tool Questions the		the	arks of sessment	Weight of the Assessment			
Knowledg	e &	K1	1.1	H.W.	Essay Q		5		1	1.25	
understanding			(18M)	Mid term	Objectiv		8	4		4	
	C		, ,	Final Exam		Objective Q			13	13	
		K2	1.2	Quiz	Essay Q				1	1.25	
			(22M)	Mid term	Essay Q		5		5	5	
				Final Exam	Essay Q		4		16	16	
Skills		S1 2.1 (30M		H.W	Solving Problems & chart analysis		1		1	1.25	
				Quiz	Solving Problems & chart analysis		5		2	1.25	
				Mid term	Solving Problems & chart analysis		3		6	6	
				Final Exam	Solving Problem chart and		3		21	21	
		S2	S2	2.2 (24M)	Practical Sheet	Objectiv	e Q	10		5	5
				Lab Report	Lab Rep Rubric	ort	6		9	9	
				Final Lab Exam	Lab Exa	m	1		10	10	
		S3	2.3 (3M)	Safety EXAM	Objective Q		6 3		3		
Value	Value V1 3.1 Group work Group evaluation rubric		on	-		3	3				
							TOTAL			100	



