

Course Specifications

Course Title:	Heterocyclic Chemistry
Course Code:	CHEM333-3
Program:	Bachelor of Science in Chemistry
Department:	Chemistry
College:	Faculty of Science
Institution:	Jazan University (JU)











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A. Course Identification

1. Credit hours: 3hrs	Workload: 192	ECTS: 6.9			
2. Course type					
a. University College	Department ✓	Others			
b. Required ✓ Elec	tive				
3. Level/year at which this course is	offered: Level 5/ ye	ar 3			
4. Pre-requisites for this course (if ar	ny):				
	None				
5. Co-requisites for this course (if any):					
none					

6. Mode of Instruction (mark all that apply)

No	Mode of Instruction	Contact Hours	Percentage
1	Traditional classroom	27	40%
2	Blended		
3	E-learning	3	10%
4	Distance learning		
5	Laboratory/Studio	30	50%
	TOTAL	60	

7. Contact Hours (based on academic semester)

No	Activity	Contact Hours
1	Lecture	30
2	Laboratory/Studio	30
3	Tutorial	
4	Others (specify)	
	Total	60

B. Course Objectives and Learning Outcomes

1. Course Description

Course Title	Course Number	Contact Hours (CH)		Credit unit Year	Level	Pre- requisite	
		Lec.	Prac.	(CU)			requisite
Heterocyclic Chemistry	CHEM333-3	2	2	3	3	5	None

Course objectives:

- 1. Identification and classification of heterocyclic organic compounds.
- 2. To identify the physical properties of heterocyclic organic compounds.
- 3. Study of the addition reactions, the electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution reactions on a five and six-membered ring with one and two heteroatoms.

Syllabus: A-Theoretical contents

Definition, classification and nomenclature of heterocyclic organic compounds - physical properties of heterocyclic compounds - Addition reactions, eletrophilic and nucleophilic substitutation reactions of five and six-membered rings with one or two heteroatoms-pyrrole, furan, thiophene , pyrazole , imidazole, oxazole, thiazole, isothiazole, azine, thiazine, pyridine, alkyl pyridine, pyridazine, pyrimidine and quinoline - Synthesis of five and six-membered rings with one or two heteroatoms - some poly-heterocyclic compounds - synthesis and reactions.

Syllabus: B-Practical contents

Selected experiments related to hetero-chemistry topics.

2. Course Main Objective

This course aims to provide students with basic knowledge of heterocyclic organic compounds, their physical and chemical properties and their most important chemical reactions.

3. Course Learning Outcomes

	CLOs	Aligned PLOs
1	Knowledge and Understanding	
	Upon completion of this course, student will be able to	
1.1	Demonstrate a broad, knowledge and understanding in heterocyclic topic as Nomenclature of heterocyclic compounds , Five-Membered rings with one hetero atom , Fused benzene ring Five-Membered rings with one hetero atom , Five-Membered rings with two hetero atom, Six-Membered rings with one hetero atom , Fused benzene ring Six-Membered rings with one hetero atom , important of Biological activities of heterocyclic compounds (P)	K.1
1.2	Describe the aromatic character of some heterocyclic compounds and giving explanation to some of their synthetic methods. (P)	K.2
2	Skills:	
	Upon completion of this course, student will be able to	

	CLOs	Aligned PLOs
2.1	Demonstrate the knowledge and skills to interpret products obtained from different reaction conditions regarding heterocyclic chemistry	S.1
2.2	Apply their experimental basics and skills to use laboratory equipment, modern instrumentation, and classical techniques for carrying out experiments as well as accurately record and analyze the results of such experiments. (P (P)	<u>S.2</u> •
2. <u>23</u>	Knows the proper procedures and regulations for safe handling and use of chemicals and can follow the proper procedures and regulations for safe handling when using chemicals. (I)	S.3
2. 3 4	Use of communication and online technology to write articles on heterocyclic compounds or synthesis and reactions of heterocyclic compounds (I)	S.4
3	Values: Upon completion of this course, student will be able to	
3.1	Work as a group leader in cooperation with other colleagues (I)	V.1

No	List of Topics	Contact Hours
1	Introduction of heterocyclic compounds Nomenclature of heterocyclic compounds Nomenclature of one ring heterocyclic compounds with one heteroatoms (N,O,S)	2
2	Nomenclature of heterocyclic compounds: Nomenclature of one ring heterocyclic compounds with two or more heteroatoms (N,O,S). Nomenclature of fused ring heterocyclic compounds with one or more heteroatoms (N,O,S). -examples.	4
3	Five-Membered rings with one hetero atom -Pyrrole (Azole), Furan and Thiophene (Methods of preparation, Physical properties and structure, Chemical properties) -Reactions: (basicity; acidity properties).	6
4	Fuse ring Five-Membered rings with one hetero atom Indole – benzofuran- benzothiophene (Methods of preparation, Physical properties and structure, Chemical properties.	4
5	Five-Membered rings with two hetero atom atoms -Pyrazole and Imidazole (Methods of preparation, Physical properties and structure, Chemical properties)	2
6	Six-Membered rings with one hetero atom \(_{\text{-Pyridine}}\) (Methods of preparation. Physical and chemical properties and structure \(_{\text{chemical properties.}}\) Derivative of pyridine (alkyl pyridine, amino pyridine) Six-Membered rings with two hetero atom Pyradiazine, pyrimidine, pyrazine (Methods of preparation. Physical properties and Chemical properties	6

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C. Course Content

7	Fused Six-Membered rings with one hetero atom Quinoline and isoquinoline (Methods of preparation. Physical properties and structure, Chemical chemical properties.	4
8	Six membered rings with one oxygen atom (Pyran-Coumarin-4-Chromone) Six-membered rings with two different heteroatoms (Morpholine- piperazine-phenoxazine) And Biological activities	2
	Total	30

D. Teaching and Assessment

Code	Course Learning Outcomes	Т	eaching Strategies	Assessment Methods
1.0	Knowledge and Understanding			
1.1	Demonstrate a broad, knowledge understanding in heterocyclic topic Nomenclature of heterocyclic compount Five-Membered rings with one hetero at the fundamentals and properties of merchanism of transition elements in period at the fundamentallic complexes etc.	as ds , ttom ings ered ered gene tero s of unds bout vain bodic ters,	Lecture Open discussion in class	MCQ Short answer Q Fill in the BlankFinal Eaxm.
1.2	Describe the aromatic character of some the postulates of their synthmatic character of some their synthmatic character of some their synthmatic character of their synthmatic character of their synthmatic character of the postulates of the postulates of the coordination parameters (P) Skills	ome ving eetic rner and	Lecture Open discussion in class	MCQ Short answer Q Fill-in the Blank Final Exam.
2.0	Demonstrate the knowledge and skills	s to		
2.1	interpret products obtained from diffe reaction conditions regarding heterocy chemistry (P) Demonstrate the knowledge and skills calculate the coordination number, CI oxidation state of metal and magnitude moments	rent eclic	Lecture Open discussion in class Web-based work	MCQ Short answer Q Fill-in the Blank Final Exam.

Code	Course Learning Outcomes	Т	eaching Strategies	Assessment Methods
2.2	Apply their experimental basics and skill use laboratory equipment, modinstrumentation, and classical technic for carrying out experiments as well accurately record and analyze the result such experiments. (P	dern ques as ts of		
2. 2 3	Knows the proper procedures regulations for safe handling and use chemicals and can follow the proper procedures and regulations for handling when using chemicals. Apply their experimental basics and skill use laboratory equipment, more instrumentation, and classical technic for carrying out experiments as well accurately record and analyze the results such experiments.	e of oper safe (I) ls to lern ques	<u>Lab work</u> -Group work Lab work Group work	MCQ Short answer Q Practical ExamMCQ Short answer Q Practical Exam
2.4	Make effective use of communication, online technology about transition elem topics in order to improve their be knowledge in writing with a good verand clear scientific language. (1)	ents asic	pptPresentations Group discussion	Presentation
3.0	Values			
3.1	Work as a group leader in cooperation of the colleagues (I) Work as a group leader in cooperator with other colleagues (p)	ader	Open discussionLab work Group discussion Research group	Oral examPractical assignments Laboratory reports Web based research

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2. Assessment Tasks for Students

#		Assessment task*	Week Due	Percentage of Total Assessment Score		
1	Home	work assignment	2	2		
2	Lectur	e Quizzes.	4	0		
3	Mid-te	erm exam	8	15		
4	Homework assignment		9	3		
5	Lecture Quizzes		10	0		
6	Presentation		11	0		
7		Safety Quiz	12	0		
	LAB	Lab Sheet	14	10		
		Final practical exam	15	20		
	Final Exam 16		16	50		
8		100				

^{*}Assessment task (i.e., written test, oral test, oral presentation, group project, essay, etc.)

E. Student Academic Counseling and Support

Arrangements for availability of faculty and teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice:

Student Academic Counseling:

Students are grouped into groups of (10-15) students. Each group is assigned to a member of staff who will act as Academic Counselor. Members of staff be available for academic counseling on daily basis for at 4h/day during office hours.

F. Learning Resources and Facilities

1.Learning Resources

1.Learning Resource	1.Learning Resources				
	Heterocyclic Chemistry, John A. Joule, Keith Mills.; 5th				
	Edition, April 2010, ©2010, Wiley Black well, ISBN: 978-1-4051				
	3300-5, pages718				
	 Practical Heterocyclic Chemistry, A. O. Fitton R. K. Smalley, 1st 				
Required Textbooks	Edition, Academic Press, 1968.				
	Heterocyclic Chemistry, John A. Joule, Keith Mills.; 5th Edition,				
	June 2010, Wiley-Black well, ISBN: 978-1-405-13300-5, pages718				
	 Practical Heterocyclic Chemistry, A. O. Fitton R. K. Smalley, 				
	1st Edition, Academic Press, 1968.				
	1. Heterocyclic chemistry; Gilchrist, T. L. 3 rd ed.; Addison Wesley				
	Longman: Edinburgh Gate, 1997.				
Essential References	2. Heterocyclic chemistry; Joule, J. A.; Mills, K.; 4 th ed.; Blackwell				
	Science: Oxford, 2000.				
Materials	3. Heterocyclic Chemistry, R. R. Gupta, M. Kumar, V. Gupta,				
	Volume II: Five-Membered Heterocycles, Springer, ISBN 978-3-642-				
	08460-7, 1999.				
	• https://b-ok.asia/book/829427/cae9f4				
TI (. N. (.)	• https://chem.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Organic Chemistry/Map%				
Electronic Materials	3A Organic Chemistry (McMurry)/15%3A Benzene and Aromati				
	city/15.06%3A Aromatic Heterocycles- Pyridine and Pyrrole				
Other Learning					
Materials	Materials Computer-based programs/ ChemDraw				

2. Facilities Required

Item	Resources		
Accommodation (Classrooms, laboratories, demonstration	Classrooms capacity (30) students		
rooms/labs, etc.)	Lab capacity (15) students		
Technology Resources (AV, data show, Smart Board, software, etc.)	Smart board, Data show, Black board, internet		
Other Resources (Specify, e.g. if specific laboratory equipment is required, list requirements or attach a list)	 Magnetic resonance spectroscopy (NMR spectroscopy) Fourier Transformer Infra-red spectrophotometer (FT-IR) Melting Point Apparatus 		

G. Course Quality Evaluation

Evaluation Areas/Issues	Evaluators	Evaluation Methods	
Effectiveness of teaching and	Student	Liker-type Survey	

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Evaluation Areas/Issues	Evaluators	Evaluation Methods	
Assessment		Indirect	
Extent of achievement of	Instructor and Course	Class room evaluation	
course learning outcomes	coordinator	(direct and indirect)	
Quality of learning resources	Program committee	Indirect	
Exam quality assessment	Assessment committee	Indirect	

Evaluation areas (e.g., Effectiveness of teaching and assessment, Extent of achievement of course learning outcomes, Quality of learning resources, etc.)

Evaluators (Students, Faculty, Program Leaders, Peer Reviewer, Others (specify)

Assessment Methods (Direct, Indirect)

H. Specification Approval Data

Council / Committee	Chemistry Department Council
Reference No.	42 / 35 /102 112
Date	17 /09 /1442 Corresponding to 28 / 04 /2021

Attachment: EXP. Table

No.	List of Topics	APPARATUS	CHEMICALS	Week	Contact Hours
1	Qualitative Analysis of Organic Compounds. Preliminary Tests - Physical Constants Analysis for elements present- Solubility tests	water - test tubes	Litmus paper Simple salts of organic compound such as (oxalic acid-benzoic acid-aniline HCl-Urea-Glucose 1-Naphthylamin 1-naphthole	1	2

2	Qualitative Analysis for Elements Lassaigne's Sodium Fusion Test - Heat Test. Heating with soda lime - Nitration - Sulphation Treatment with NaOH- Treatment with FeCl ₃	Flame distilled water - test tubes – Beaker- flask	Litmus paper Simple salts of organic compound such as (oxalic acid-benzoic acid-aniline HCl-Urea-Glucose 1-Naphthylamin 1-naphthole Reagents :- NaOH, FeCl ₃ , conc. HNO ₃ , conc. H ₂ SO ₄ , soda lime,	3	6
3	Review	Flame distilled water - test tubes – Beaker-flask	Litmus paper Simple salts of organic compound such as (oxalic acid-benzoic acid-aniline HCl-Urea- Glucose 1-Naphthylamin 1-naphthole Reagents: NaOH, FeCl ₃ , conc. HNO ₃ , conc. H ₂ SO ₄ , soda lime,	1	2
4	Identification of organic compounds Combination of (H, C,O) [Carbohydrate, Carboxylic acid, phenols]	Flame distilled water - test tubes – Beaker-flask	Carbohydrate Molisch Test. Benedict's Test Barfoed's Test Bial's test Seliwanoff's Test Carboxylic acid Acidity test Nitration FeCl ₃ test CaCL ₂ test Phthalein test Phenols Phenol, resorcinol, cresol 1-naphthol	2	4
4	Combination of (H, C,O and metallic) [Salts of acid]	Flame distilled water - test tubes – Beaker-flask	Heat test Nitration FeCl ₃ test CaCL ₂ test Phthalein test	1	2
5	Combination of (H, C,O and N) [Amm. Salts, Amide, imides]	Flame distilled water - test tubes – Beaker-flask	Simple of amm. Salts Acidity test Nitration FeCl ₃ test CaCL ₂ test Phthalein test Urea, imide NaOH test CuSO ₄	2	4
6	Combination of (H, C,O, N,S)	Flame distilled water - test tubes – Beaker-flask	Aniline H ₂ SO ₄ Thiourea, Sulphaline acid	1	2
7	Combination of (H, C,O, N, X)	Flame distilled water - test tubes – Beaker-flask	Aniline HCl Chlorale	1	2
8	Review	Flame distilled	Carbohydrate	1	2

9	Synthesis of some organic compounds (If there is a plus time) Preparation of aspirin; 7-hydroxy-4- methylcoumarin	water - test tubes - Beaker- flask Flame distilled water - test tubes - Beaker- flask- melting point apparatus glass rod Büchner funnel, filter paper	Carboxylic acid Salts of acids Amm. salts Phenol Ethyl acetoacetate, ethanol- benzene Salicylic acid Acetic anhydride	2	4
9	Final Exam.			<u>15</u>	
	Total			15 <u>16</u> 15	30